



Subsurface Oil Assessment Operations

On-Water Operations Branch
Incident Command Post Mobile, Alabama
Deepwater Horizon (MC252)

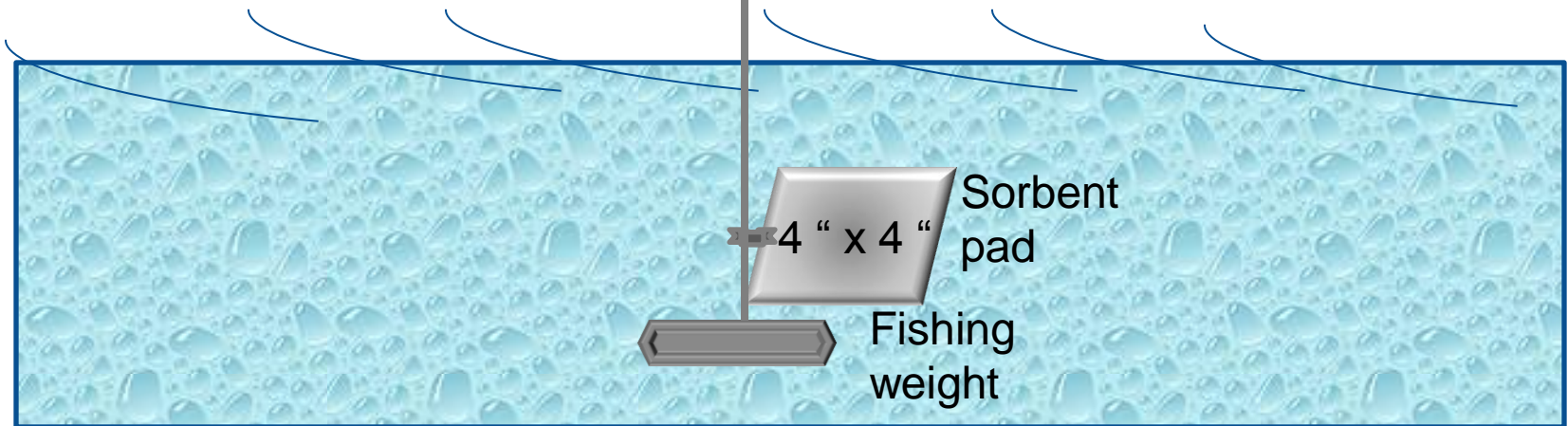
Six initial methods of assessment

- Sorbent drops
- Water quality sampling
- Bottom sediment sampling
- Subsurface “Sentinels”
- Fluorometer transects
- VIPERS initiative trawl drags

Sorbent drops



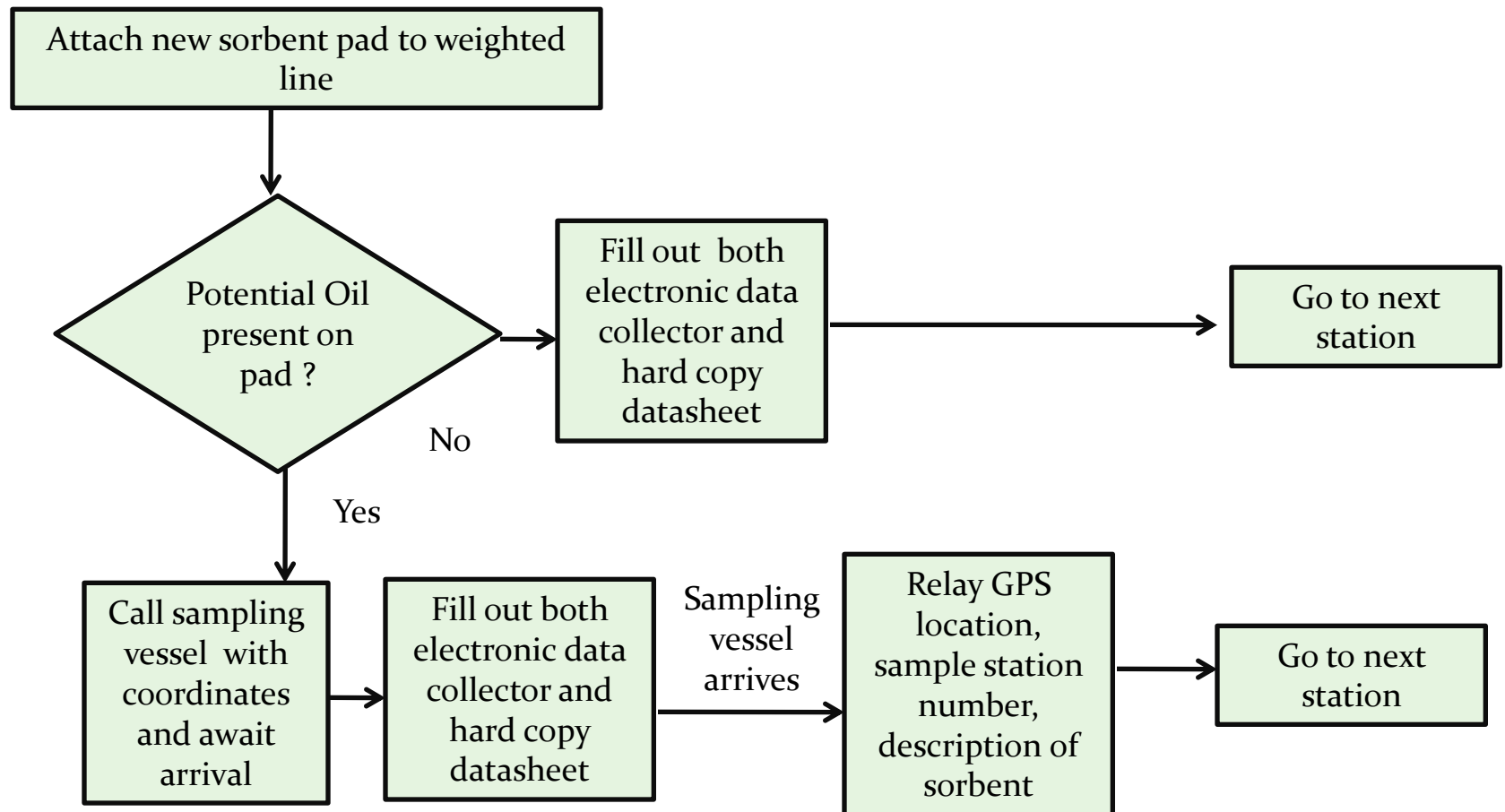
Survey
team



Sorbent drops cont'd

- Conducted by VOO in MS and AL portions of Mississippi Sound
- Sorbent pad attached to a weighted line
- USCG or MSNG riders onboard for data collection & monitoring
- Entire Sound will be surveyed systematically in 2 x 2 square mile grid squares
- Sampling vessels will relay any findings of suspected oil to 1 of 7 sampling vessels
 - Sampling vessels with qualified technicians respond to collect samples for confirmation & analysis

Sorbent drop procedure



Water quality sampling

- VOO and MSDEQ vessels will carry environmental teams who will take all samples
- Samples for suite of water quality indicators at various depths
 - Kemmerer Bottles
 - Electronic WQ monitoring equipment

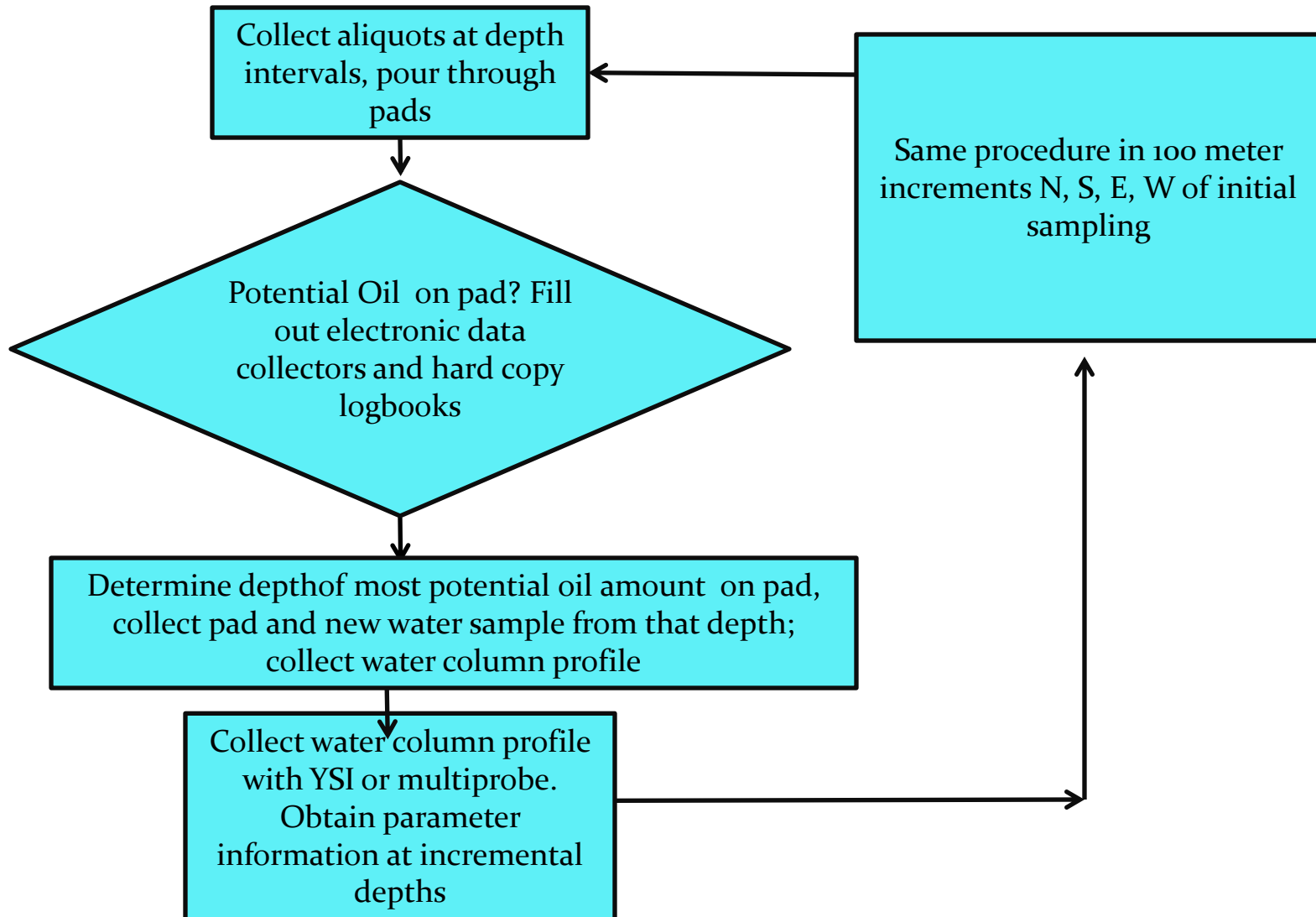


Water quality sampling cont'd

- Sampling bottle (Kemmerer Bottle) lowered to collect small amount of water
- Strained through sorbent pad
- If results suggest sample may contain oil or benthic oily product, it will be collected for laboratory analysis
 - 24 hrs for oil confirmation
 - 7-14 day turnaround for MC252 fingerprinting



Sampling follow-up procedure



Bottom sediment sampling

- Several VOO will carry various personnel to conduct sediment sampling at selected sites
- Ponar (grab sampler) will be lowered to the bottom to collect sediment
- Suspected oil/oily waste will be sampled for detailed chemical lab testing

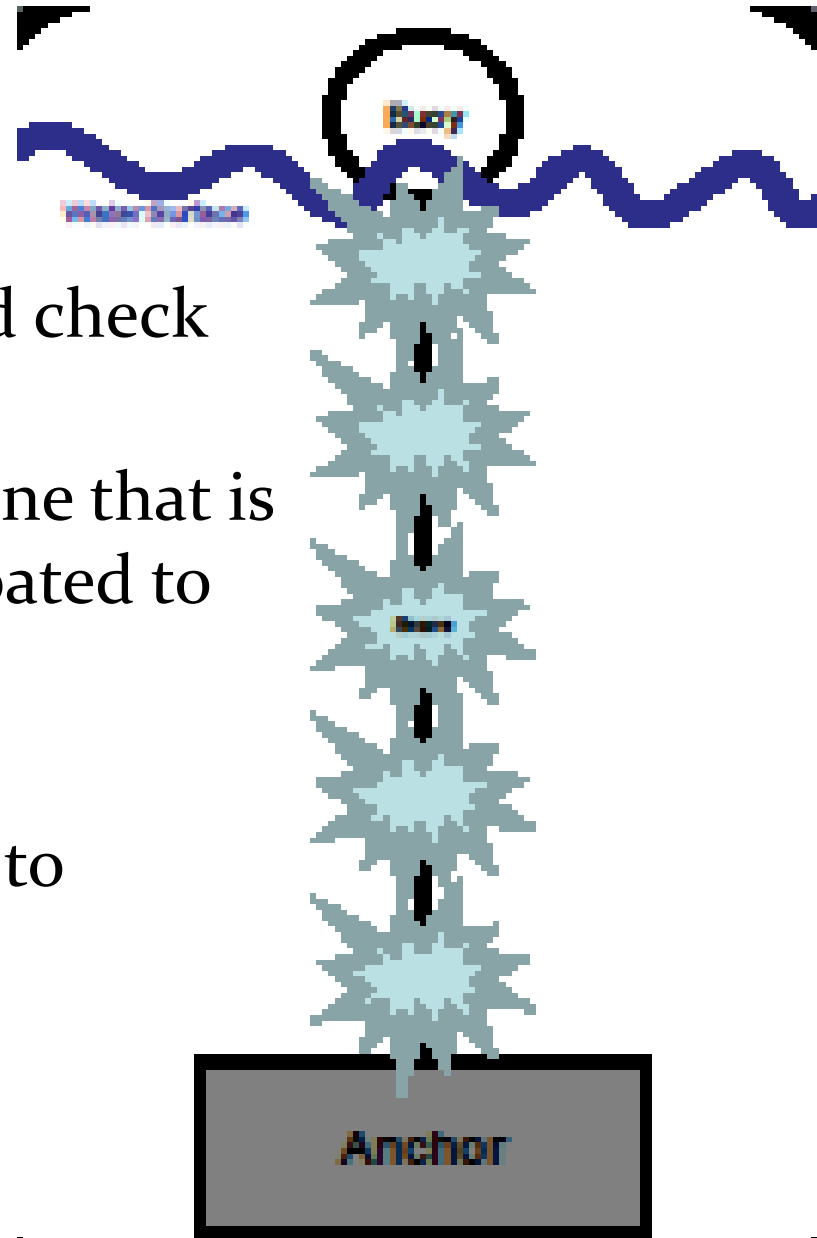


Bottom sampling cont'd

- Two programs for bottom sampling:
 - Two VOO will conduct sediment sampling along transects in the MS Sound
 - Approx. 50 sampling stations selected to achieve geographic and functional representation
 - Coastal Subsurface Assessment Team: Ten VOO will conduct sampling along the AL, MS, and FL coastlines
 - Systematic sampling between 1st and 2nd sandbars
 - Every 500'-600' of linear beachfront, or where visual inspection/sonar indicates possible presence of oil
 - Emphasis on segments of shoreline with frequent re-oiling

Snare Sentinels

- Fleet of 20 VOO will deploy and check sentinels daily
- Sorbent snares strung along a line that is anchored to the bottom and floated to the top
- Deployed in 20-25' of water
- 148 strung from Cat Island, MS to Panama City, FL.



Snare Sentinels cont'd

- Sentinels will be spaced at 5 mile intervals, with more deployed in some areas
- Areas of higher density determined by
 - consultation with state environmental agencies
 - SCAT reports of frequently re-oiling on adjacent shoreline



Fluorometer transects

- Device emits light at different wavelengths and measures the returned parameters of fluorescence
- Parameters are used to identify the presence and amount of specific chemical compounds in a medium (e.g., oil in water)
- Capable of detecting fluorescent molecule concentrations as low as 1 part per trillion



Fluorometer transects cont'd

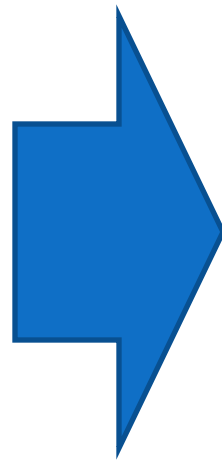
- Two fluorometers towed along predetermined transects
- One from CTEH; one from Coast Guard Gulf Strike Team
- Devices give a presence/absence reading
 - Yes, oil present, or no, oil not present
- Water samples collected where device indicates possible presence of oil



VIPERS initiative

- 3 specially modified VOO shrimp boats
- Normal shrimp trawl nets lined with finer net mesh to capture any suspended/submerged oil
- 15-minute trawls as required by National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS)
- “Fast boat” with sampling personnel onboard shadows Strike Team to samples when warranted
- Two observers onboard
 - USCG observer
 - NMFS turtle observer

Six initial
methods of
assessment



Five initial
Strike Teams
and Task
Forces

Five initial teams

- Mississippi Sound Subsurface Oil Assessment Project
 - Mississippi Subsurface Assessment Team (MSAT)
 - Alabama Subsurface Assessment Team (ASAT)
- Coastal Subsurface Assessment Team (CSAT)
- Sentinel Strike Teams
- VIPERS Teams
- Expansion:
 - Florida Subsurface Assessment Team (FSAT)
 - Snorkel SCAT

Operations Section

On-Water Operations Branch

LT.J. Collins/BMCM. Boivin

Subsurface Oil Assessment Group

MS Sound Subsurface Assessment Project (MSAP)

CWO Andrew Matthews

60 vessels: 4 VOO; 6 MSDEQ skimmers; 10 additional VOO in MS for supplementary tasking

Mississippi Subsurface Assessment Team (MSAT)

LCDR R. Negron/LCDR K. Jaekel (MS Branch/IMT Biloxi)

Seahorse (IMT Biloxi)

Survey Vessel Strike Team

28 VOO w/USCG or MSNG observer

Sorbent pad drops

Each vessel completes 5 grid squares

Sampling/ "Chase" Vessel Strike Team

6 MSDEQ skimmers w/MSDEQ sampling personnel

Respond to reports of potential subsurface oil as ID'd by Sur Vsls

Conduct water quality sampling at position identified by Survey Vessel

Conduct sampling for confirmation (approx. 24 hour turnaround)

Conduct sampling for fingerprinting/ ID as MC252 product (7-14 day turnaround)

Fluorometer & Sediment Sampling Task Force

2 VOO w/CTEH sampling personnel

One vessel conducts fluorometer transect through designated route

One vessel conducts sediment sampling (Ponar grabs) at predetermined sampling points throughout MS Sound

Alabama Subsurface Assessment Team (ASAT)

MUC McCormick

immccormick@sbcglobal.net
(860) 389-5162

Survey Vessel Strike Team

10 VOO w/USCG observer

Sorbent pad drops

Each vessel completes 5 grid squares

Sampling/ "Chase" Vessel Strike Team

1 VOO w/qual'd CTEH sampling personnel

Respond to reports of potential subsurface oil as identified by Survey Vessels

Conduct water quality sampling at position identified by Survey Vessel

Conduct sampling for confirmation (approx. 24 hour turnaround)

Conduct sampling for fingerprinting/ ID as MC252 product (7-14 day turnaround)

Fluorometer & Sediment Sampling Task Force

2 VOO w/CTEH sampling personnel

One vessel conducts fluorometer transect through designated route

One vessel conducts sediment sampling (Ponar grabs) at predetermined sampling points throughout MS Sound

Vessels with Intrinsic Petroleum Recovering Systems (VIPERS)

Billy Michalopoulos
(251) 463-8334

VIPERS Strike Team

3 VOO (60-80 foot specially equipped shrimp boats), each w/USCG shiprider and NMFS turtle observer

Conduct transects in near-coastal waters 3-5 NM offshore; entire coastline

Follow-up by "fast boat" to conduct environmental sampling where required

Coastal Subsurface Assessment Teams

10 VOO w/USCG observer & environmental sampling team

3 Strike Teams by state

Conduct sampling of sediment between 1st and 2nd sandbars off MS, AL, and FL coastlines

Samples every 500'-600' or as potential oil is identified

Emphasis on segments with frequent re-oiling

CSAT I (MS)

2 VOO

CSAT II (AL)

3 VOO

CSAT III (FL)

5 VOO

Sentinel Strike Teams

20 VOO w/USCG observer

3 Strike Teams by state

Deploy & maintain 148 sentinels off entire MS, AL, and northwest FL coastlines

Deployed every 5 miles or more frequently as requested by states

SST I (MS)

4 VOO

SST II (AL)

6 VOO

SST III (FL)

10 VOO

Supplementary Response Team

16 additional VOO staged out of 4 sites

Supplementary tasking from MS Branch, not to interfere with execution of MS Sound SAP

Mississippi Subsurface Assessment Team

- MS state waters as bounded by barrier islands
- 32 VOO
 - Survey vessels (sorbent drops) working on grid
 - 1 fluorometer survey vessel - transect
 - 1 sediment (Ponar) survey vessel - transect
- 6 MSDEQ skimmers used as sampling vessels
 - Respond to survey vessel reports to conduct Kemmerer Bottle pours and WQ testing
- 16 supplementary vessels will augment program
- USCG or MSNG shipriders

Alabama Subsurface Assessment Team

- Alabama portion of MS Sound from state line to Dauphin Island Bridge
- 12VOO
 - Survey vessels (sorbent drops) working on grid
 - 1 fluorometer survey vessel - transect
 - 1 sediment (Ponar) survey vessel – transect

Coastal Subsurface Assessment Team

- Will sample for sunken and submerged oil between 1st and 2nd sandbars off MS, AL, and FL coastlines
 - NOAA experience suggests oil from offshore spills may concentrate in this subtidal area and act as a reservoir of oil that is then beached
- Ponar sampling every 500'-600' off shoreline
 - WQ sampling as needed
- Emphasis on segments prone to frequent re-oiling
- 10 VOO working in 3 Strike Teams by state
- Trained sampling teams from CTEH & USCG observer

Sentinel Strike Teams

- Will deploy and maintain 148 sentinels off MS, AL, and FL coastlines
 - 20'-25' water depth, seaward of 2nd sandbar as identified by VOO operator
 - Deployment & daily checks of each sentinel for 2 weeks
 - Spaced at least every 5 miles, higher density where requested by states
- 20 VOO in 3 Strike Teams by state

VIPERS Strike Team

- 3 VIPER VOO operating as a Strike Team
- Will cover entire coastline at distance of 3-5 NM offshore
- USCG and NFMS turtle observers